UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/695,717	10/29/2003	Craig John Simonds	201-1113	5583

28415 7590 03/26/2007	EXAMINER
PRICE, HENEVELD, COOPER, DEWITT & LITTON, LLP 695 KENMOOR S.E. P. O. BOX 2567 GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49501-2567	LIEU, JULIE BICHNGOC

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2612	

SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
3 MONTHS	03/26/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

PTOL-90A (Rev. 10/06)

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/695,717	SIMONDS ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Julie Lieu	2612	

-- *The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address* --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE _3_ MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _04 January 2007_.

2a)☐ This action is **FINAL**.   2b)☒ This action is non-final.

3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4)☒ Claim(s) _1-10, 12-18, 20-24 and 26-35_ is/are pending in the application.

    4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6)☒ Claim(s) _1-10, 12-18, 20-24, and 26-35_ is/are rejected.

7)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

    Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

    Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

    a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

      1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

      2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

      3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

    * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1)☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2)☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3)☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
    Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

4)☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
    Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .
5)☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6)☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1.   This Office action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed January 04, 2007.

2.   The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3.   Claims 1013, 15-20, and 22-26 are again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Takahashi et al. (US Patent No. 6,097,313).

Claim 1:

Takahashi et al. (Takahashi) disclose a system for providing remote data to a vehicle,

comprising:

    a.   An off-board data source 0105;

    b.   A compute platform (fig. 1) for accessing the data source to acquire information

and generating a stream of data (navigational data) as a function of time and relative

location wherein the stream of data contains information have variable resolution that

varies based on time or relative location (see col. 4, lines 38-48, col. 5, lines 42-50, col. 8,

lines 35-52, col. 9, lines 23-49);

c.   A data communication link 0106 for communicating data between the off-board

data source 1015 and the vehicle wherein the stream of data is applied to the vehicle for

use onboard the vehicle;

d.   A plurality of context advisors each providing a source of information for a

designated category 0104;

e.   A plurality of service agents 0102, wherein the service agents perform context-

information filtering based on a requested service; and

f.   An interface 0106 for interfacing with an onboard device on the vehicle, wherein

the context advisors perform information collection, and the service agents employ the

collected information to acquire and store pertinent information.

While the reference fails to clearly stated that the information varies based on both time

and relative locations, it does suggests that the information also varies based on time as indicated

in col. 5, lines 27-50. Thus, one skilled in the art would have readily recognized using both time

and location criteria to vary the information to be sent to the on-board unit to limit the

information to only relevant information.

Claim 2:

The Takahashi system comprises a source (GPS system) for supplying the location of the

vehicle.

Claim 3:

The relative location in Takahashi is a location of the vehicle to an expected destination.

Claim 4:

The compute platform (fig. 1) is located remote from the vehicle.

Claim 5:

The vehicle 0108 in Takahashi comprises an onboard data communication port

(represented by vehicular onboard unit 0109) for receiving the supplied stream of data. See fig.

1.

Claim 6:

The compute platform in Takahashi generates the stream of data in response to receiving

a data request from the vehicle. See fig. 1.

Claim 7:

In Takahashi, the stream of data is communicated to the vehicle via wireless

communication.

Claim 8:

The vehicle disclosed in Takahashi has a data storage device located on the vehicle for

storing the stream of data received at the vehicle.

Claim 9:

The data storage device in the vehicle unit purges data as a function of time and relative

location. Col. 5, lines 42-50.

Claim 10:

The stream of data is determined as a function of travel distance from the location of the

vehicle.

Claim 12:

Takahashi fails to disclose locating a transceiver at a engine fueling station. However, it

would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to provide a transceiver at a engine fueling

station because this is location where a lot of vehicles will stop by and will use the information

provider.

Claim 13:

Takahashi discloses a system for providing remote data to a vehicle, comprising:

a.   An off-board data source 0105 (fig. 1);

b.   A distribution station remote 0106 from the vehicle and in data communication

with the off-board data source, the distribution station comprising a transceiver for

communicating with the vehicle;

c.   A compute platform 0105 for accessing the data source to acquire information and

generating a stream of data as a function of time and distance to a location, wherein the

stream of data of data contains information have variable resolution that varies based on

at least one of the time and relative location (see col. 4, lines 38-48, col. 5, lines 27-50,

col. 8, lines 35-52, col. 9, lines 23-49);

d.   A data communication link 0106 for communicating data between the off-board

data source 0105 and the vehicle wherein the stream of data is applied to the vehicle for

use onboard the vehicle

e.   A plurality of context advisors each providing a source of information for a

designated category 0104;

f.   A plurality of service agents 0102, wherein the service agents perform context-

information filtering based on a requested service; and

g.   An interface 0106 for interfacing with an onboard device on the vehicle, wherein

the context advisors perform information collection, and the service agents employ the

collected information to acquire and store pertinent information.

While the reference fails to clearly stated that the information varies based on both time

and relative locations, it does suggest that the information also varies based on time as indicated

in col. 5, lines 27-50. Thus, one skilled in the art would have readily recognized using both time

and location criteria to vary the information to be sent to the on-board unit to limit the

information to only relevant information.

Claim 14:

The rejection of claim 14 recites the rejection of claim 12, except it is a method claim.

Claim 15:

The system in Takahashi further comprises a position-determining device (GPS receiver)

for determining the position of the vehicle.

Claim 16:

The vehicle in Takahashi comprises an onboard data communication port for receiving

the supplied stream of data.

Claim 17:

Takahashi discloses a system and thus method of supplying data from an off-board data

supplier to an onboard device on a vehicle, said method comprising the steps of:

a.   Acquiring data communication between an off-board data supplier and a

vehicle;

b.   Receiving a request for data from the vehicle (fig. 1, vehicle on-board unit);

c.   Determining a location of the vehicle (GPS);

d.   Determining a time reading (inherent);

e.   Supplying data to the vehicle as a function of the time and the relative location of

the vehicle, wherein the stream of data of data contains information have variable

resolution that varies based on time or relative location (see col. 4, lines 38-48, col. 5,

lines 27-50, col. 8, lines 35-52, col. 9, lines 23-49);

f.   Collecting information from a plurality of context advisors 0104;

g.   Receiving service request from vehicle's on-board system;

h.   Performing context-information filtering based on the service requested;

i.   Acquiring pertinent information from the collected information;

j.   Storing the pertinent information in memory; and

k.   Delivering up-to-date information and services to the vehicle.

While the reference fails to clearly stated that the information varies based on <u>both</u> time

and relative locations, it does suggest that the information also varies based on <u>time</u> as indicated

in col. 5, lines 27-50. Thus, one skilled in the art would have readily recognized using <u>both</u> time

and location criteria to vary the information to be sent to the on-board unit to limit the

information to only relevant information.

<u>Claim 18:</u>

The rejection of claim 18 recites the rejection of claim 10, except it is a method claim.

<u>Claim 20:</u>

The rejection of claim 20 recites the rejection of claim 9, except it is a method claim.

<u>Claim 21:</u>

The rejection of claim 21 recites the rejection of claim 12, except it is a method claim.

Claim 22:

The rejection of claim 22 recites the rejection of claim 3, except it is a method claim.

Claim 23:

Takahashi discloses a system and thus method of supplying data from an off-board data supplier to an onboard device on a vehicle, said method comprising the steps of:

a.   acquiring data communication between an off-board data supplier and a vehicle;

b.   receiving a request for data from the vehicle (fig. 1, vehicle on-board unit);

c.   determining a location of the vehicle (GPS);

d.   determining a time reading (inherent);

e.   supplying data to the vehicle as a function of the time and the travel distance from a location, wherein the stream of data of data contains information have variable resolution that varies based on at least one of the time and travel distance from the location (see col. 4, lines 38-48, col. 5, lines 27-50, col. 8, lines 35-52, col. 9, lines 23-49);

f.   Collecting information from a plurality of context advisors 0104;

g.   Receiving service request from vehicle's on-board system;

h.   Performing context-information filtering based on the service requested;

i.   Acquiring pertinent information from the collected information;

j.   Storing the pertinent information in memory; and

k.   Delivering up-to-date information and services to the vehicle.

. While the reference fails to clearly stated that the information varies based on <u>both</u> time

and relative locations, it does suggest that the information also varies based on <u>time</u> as indicated

in col. 5, lines 27-50. Thus, one skilled in the art would have readily recognized using <u>both</u> time

and location criteria to vary the information to be sent to the on-board unit to limit the

information to only relevant information.

<u>Claim 24:</u>

The rejection of claim 24 recites the rejection of claim 11, except it is a method claim.

<u>Claim 26:</u>

Takahashi discloses the step of purging data as function of time and travel distance from

the location. See col. 5, lines 27-50.

<u>Claim 27:</u>

The rejection of claim 21 recites the rejection of claim 12, except it is a method claim.

<u>Claim 28:</u>

The plurality of context advisors disclosed in Takahashi comprises vehicle context

advisor, an environmental advisor (gasoline station or sightseeing spot as seen in figure 15B),

and personal advisor (as seen in fig. 5 where it is shown the driver could communicate with a

personal advisor)

<u>Claim 29:</u>

The system in Takahashi further comprises:

a.   An input for accessing and receiving context information 0105;

b.   An identifier 0103 for analyzing the received context information and defining the

type of information as related to one of the context advisors;

c.   A data storage device 0103 having memory for storing the context information,

wherein the data storage device is interfaced with a plurality of onboard vehicle devices;

and

d.   An agent 0103 for downloading the context information to one or more of the

vehicle devices.

Claim 30:

The rejection of claim 30 recites the rejection of claim 28.

Claim 31:

The system in Takahashi further comprises:

a.   An input for accessing and receiving context information 0105;

b.   An identifier 0103 for analyzing the received context information and defining the

type of information as related to one of the context advisors;

c.   A data storage device 0103 having memory for storing the context information,

wherein the data storage device is interfaced with a plurality of onboard vehicle devices;

and

d.   An agent 0103 for downloading the context information to one or more of the

vehicle devices.

Claim 32:

The rejection of claim 32 recites the rejection of claim 28, except it is a method claim.

Claim 33:

The method in Takahashi further comprises:

a.   Monitoring information from one or more sources 0105;

b. Analyzing the monitored information and defining the type of information as related to one of the plurality of context advisors;

c. Storing the context information in memory 0103;

d. Communicating with an onboard vehicle device 0108; and

e. Downloading at least some of the context information to the onboard vehicle device 0108.

Claim 34:

The rejection of claim 32 recites the rejection of claim 28, except it is a method claim.

Claim 35:

The method in Takahashi further comprises:

a. Monitoring information from one or more sources 0105;

b. Analyzing the monitored information and defining the type of information as related to one of the plurality of context advisors;

c. Storing the context information in memory 0103;

d. Communicating with an onboard vehicle device 0108; and

e. Downloading at least some of the context information to the onboard vehicle device 0108.

Applicant's arguments

5. The Applicant has presented the following argument(s):

Argument 1:

The Applicant has stated that Takahashi et al fails to teach Applicant's independent claims and asserted that nowhere in col. 5, lines 27-50 of the reference discloses acquiring information and generating a stream of data as a function of time and relative location, wherein the stream of data contains information having variable resolution that varies based on both time and relative location.

Argument 2:

With respect to claims 29, 31, 33, and 35, the Applicant has requested that the examiner specifically point the language in Takahashi the discloses the identifier performs the analysis.

Response to Applicant's arguments

6.   The Applicant has presented the following argument(s):

Response to Argument 1:

The examiner submits that line 27-50 of Takahashi does state that the roadside unit stores the time when the information relating to the service provider and a time, at which the information becomes effective and editing means to perform editing process using the information to for transmitting information to be transmitted from the transmitter. Thus, the roadside system does generate a stream of data as a function of time and relative location, i.e. information depending on the time would be provided depending on the time the information is available.

Response to Argument 2:

Applicant's attention is directed to col. 11 liens 17-41, where it is discussed of an input

unit 0109, wherein the information is analyzed by selecting portion 0204, thus information is

filtered depending upon the preliminary set information item for distinguishing information to be

transmitted to the driver and information not to be transmitted.   It is inherent that a memory is

included to store the received information, either permanently or temporarily. And, since the

vehicle-mounted unit outputs the information to the driver, there is an agent to perform this

function.

It should be noted that there is no requirements that the reference uses exactly the same

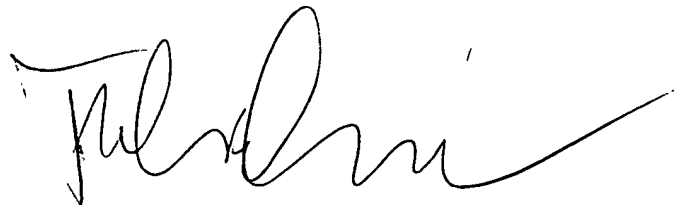language as that of the claimed invention.

Conclusion

7.   Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Julie Lieu whose telephone number is 571-272-2978. The

examiner can normally be reached on MaxiFlex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Daniel Wu can be reached on 571-272-2964. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Julie Lieu
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2612

Mar 22, 07